Circular economy for plastics: the sustainable way forward

For Canada to have a thriving environment, strong economy, and a low-carbon future, implementing a circular economy for plastics is essential. A circular economy for plastics is a new economic model where plastics are recovered, reused and recycled so that they can stay in the economy.

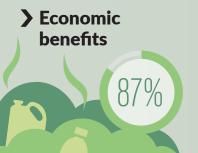
CIAC Plastics Division members are committed to:

- 100 per cent of plastics packaging being recyclable or recoverable by 2030
- 100 per cent of plastics packaging being reused, recycled, or recovered by 2040

> Environment benefits

- A circular economy for plastics in Canada could result in an annual GHG emissions savings of 1.8 MT of CO₂ according to a 2019 report by Deloitte.
- A circular economy delivers on a variety of federal and provincial policy objectives: recycling targets, zero plastic waste, clean technology, green economy, low-carbon economy, net-zero by 2050.
- **By 2050, nearly 60 per cent of the** demand for plastics could be covered by previously used plastics. Currently, recycled plastics only reach six per cent of demand.





With **87 per cent** of plastics currently going to landfills, there is a massive opportunity to expand markets for post-consumer recyclate.

- Achieving a 90 per cent diversion or reuse of post-consumer plastic by 2030 would save \$500 million annually and produce 42,000 direct and indirect jobs in Canada.
- Canada has an opportunity to capture its portion of what is projected to be nearly **U\$\$55 billion** annual global plastics recycling profit pool by 2030.

> The way forward

To implement a circular economy for plastics in Canada, we must focus on a few key areas:

- Investment to accelerate commercialization of advanced recycling technologies, mechanical recycling and sortation facilities.
- Ensure **high quality** feedstock exists through a harmonized recycling program throughout the country.
- Improved **product design** by designing with recylability in mind.





